

Minnesota 2010 Apportionment And District Size

Tom Gillaspay, State Demographer
Mn Dept of Administration
December 2008

Projected Apportionment 2010 As Of 2007

- 13 seats in play
- Gainers include Arizona(2), Florida, Georgia, Nevada, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Texas(4), Utah
- Losers include Minnesota, Illinois, Iowa, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, New Jersey, New York(2), Ohio(2), Pennsylvania

Priority Rankings Around The Last Seat Apportioned—2007 Projection

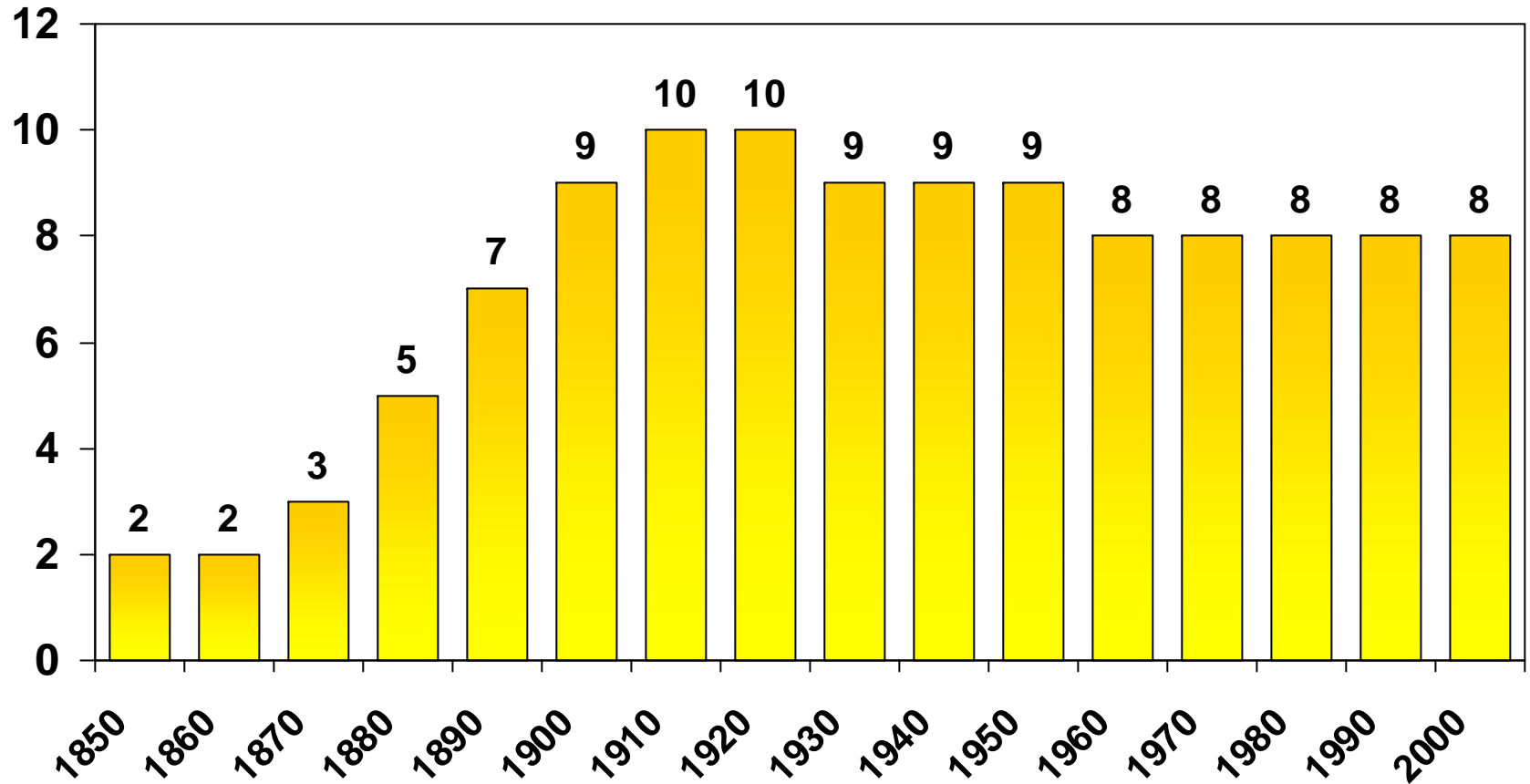
Priority Seat	Priority Score	Difference From California
382 North Carolina	716,120	2,211
383 Oregon	716,017	2,107
384 Pennsylvania	715,901	1,991
385 California	713,910	Last Seat
386 Washington	712,280	-1,630
387 Minnesota	712,103	-1,806
388 Florida	711,259	-2,651
399 Missouri	707,397	-6,513

1,806 is approximately 2 weeks growth in Minnesota

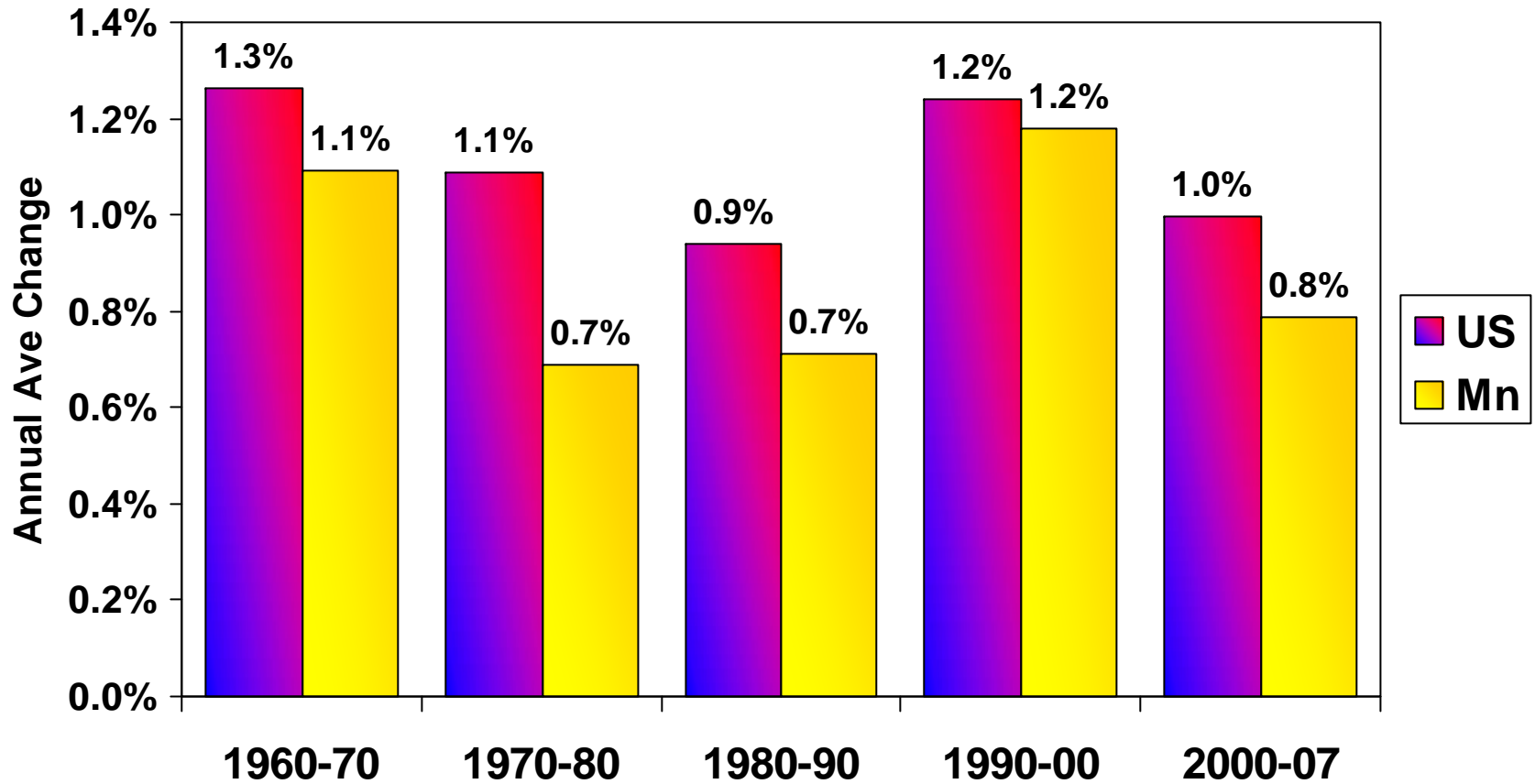
How Apportionment Is Done

- Current size of the US House of Representatives is 435, constant since 1910
- Size of House is fixed by Congress
- Each state receives one seat.
- The remaining 385 seats apportioned according to a formula in use since 1941
- Results also in a priority ranking for the next seat.

Minnesota Congressional Apportionment History

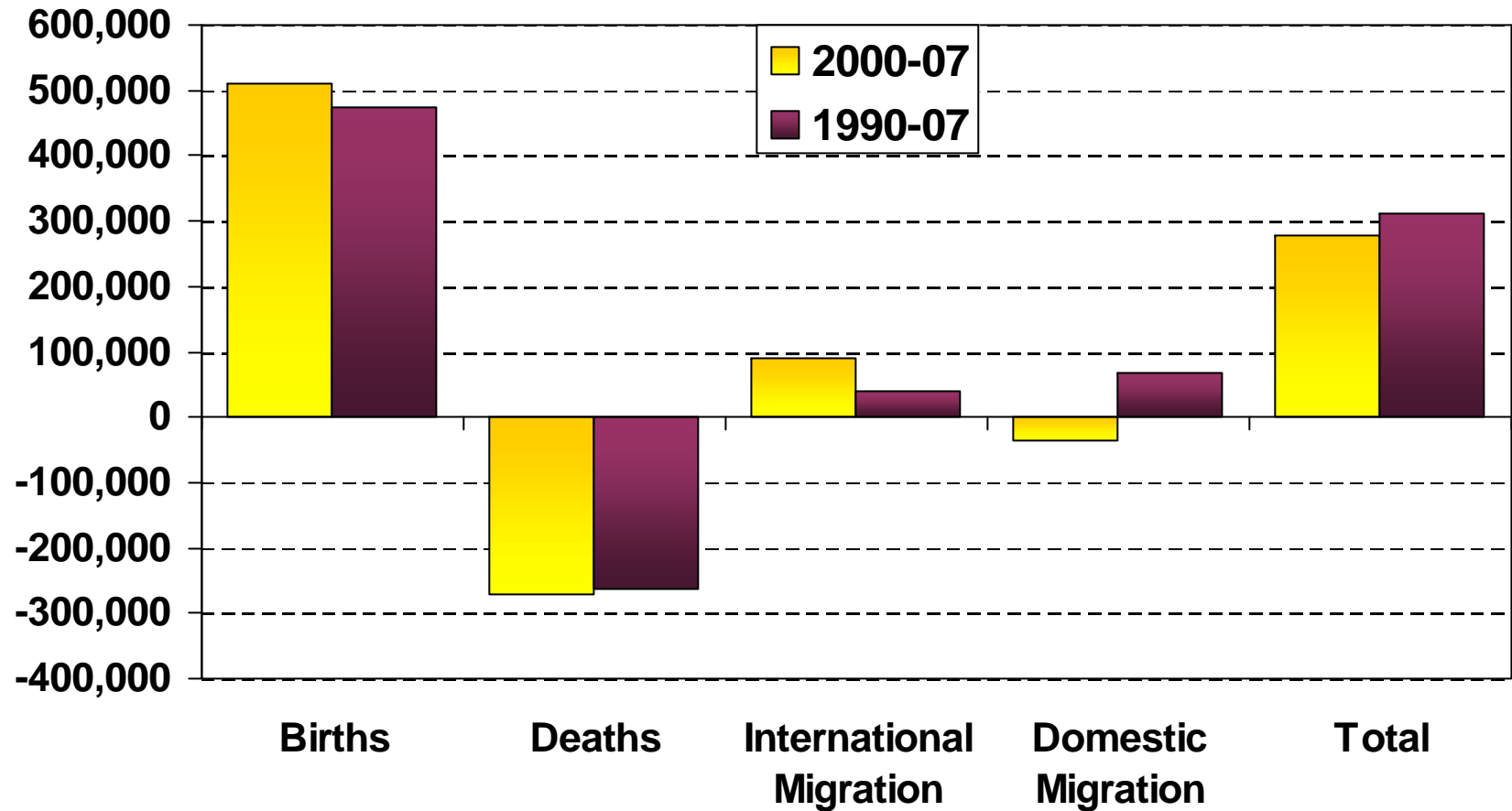


Since 1960, Minnesota Population Has Grown Consistently Slower Than The Nation

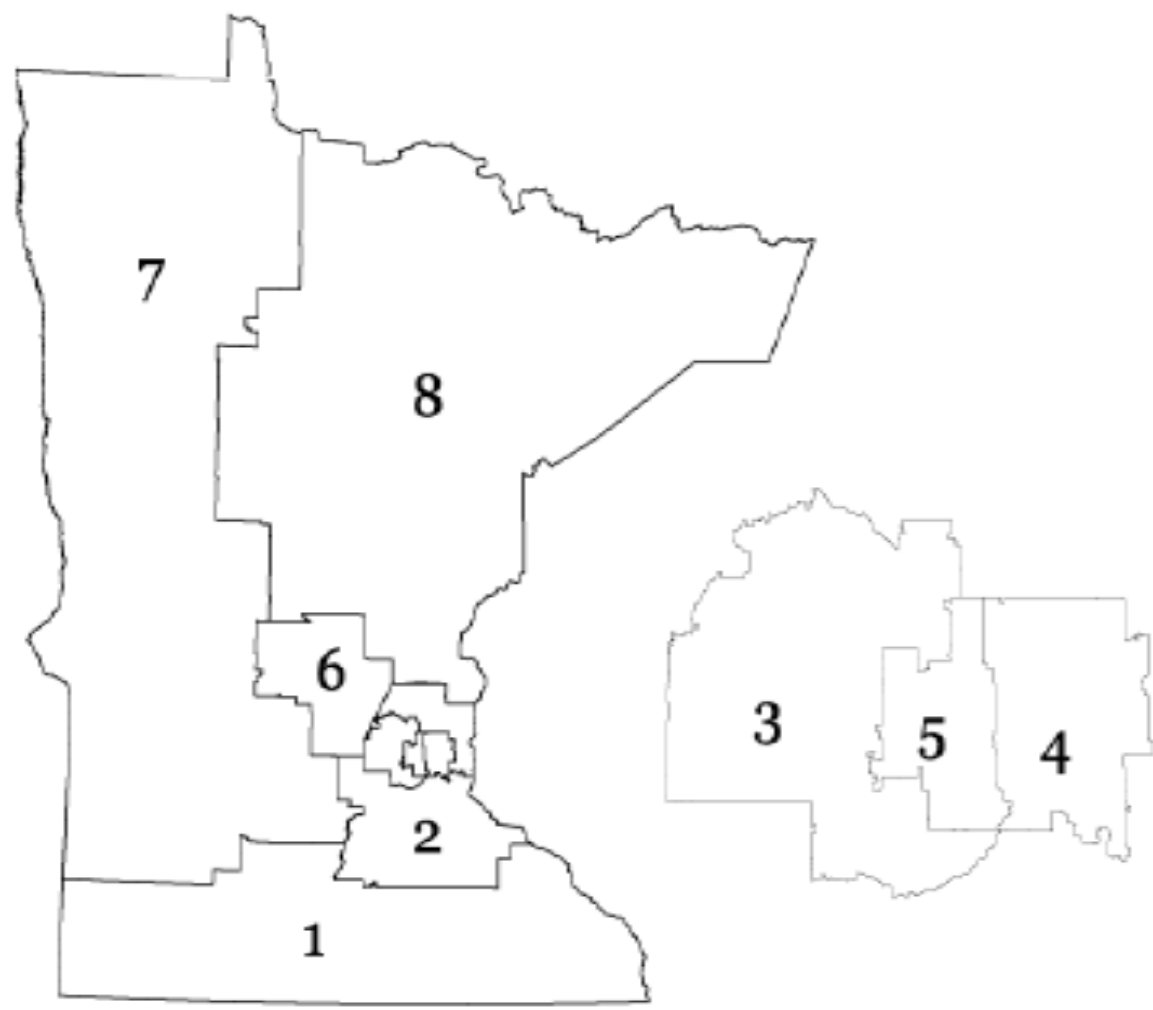


Census

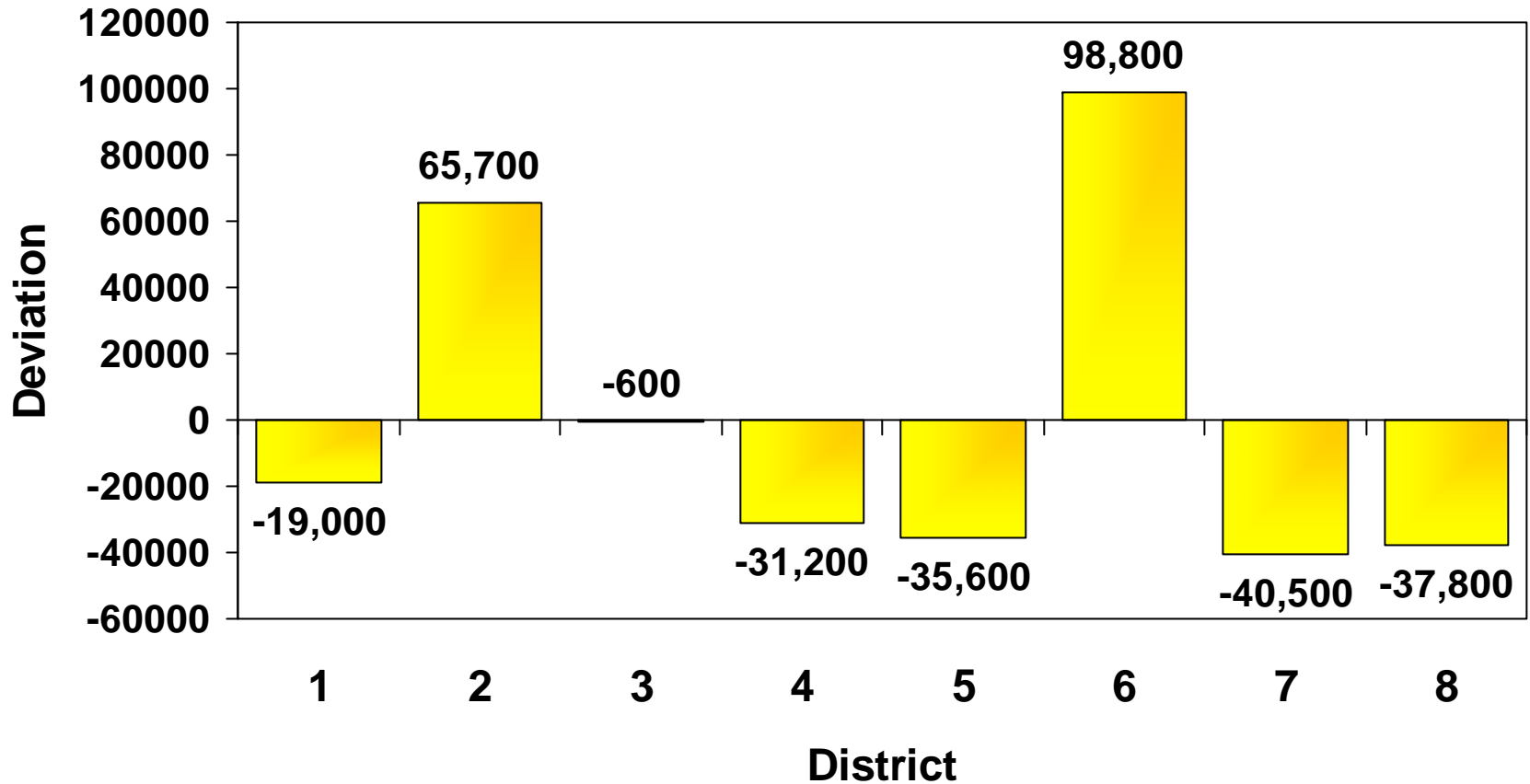
Through The First Seven Years Of The Decade, Minnesota Has Grown About 34,000 Less Than The Same Span In the 90s



Minnesota Congressional Districts



Substantial Differences Exist In 2007 Population Of Minnesota Congressional Districts



State Demographer estimate. Equal population is 653,800